Saint Nicholas Serbian Orthodox Church

971 St. Clair Rd, Johnstown, PA 15905 Rev. Presbyter Dragan Vukovic (814) 244-4063

The Eighth Sunday after Pentecost (07.30.2023.)

Matthew 14:14-22

And Jesus went forth, and saw a great multitude, and was moved with compassion toward them, and He healed their sick. And when it was evening, His disciples came to Him, saying, This is a desert place, and the time is now past; send the multitude away, that they may go into the villages, and buy themselves victuals. But Jesus said unto them, They need not depart; give ye them to eat. And they say unto Him, We have here but five loaves, and two fishes. He said, Bring them hither to Me. And He commanded the multitude to sit down on the grass, and took the five loaves, and the two fishes, and looking up to heaven, He blessed, and brake, and gave the loaves to His disciples, and the disciples to the multitude. And they did all eat, and were filled: and they took up of the fragments that remained twelve baskets full. And they that had eaten were about five thousand men, beside women and children. And straightway Jesus constrained His disciples to get into a ship, and to go before Him unto the other side, while He sent the multitudes away. (KJV)

Holy Fathers of the First Six Councils

John 17:1-13

These words spake Jesus, and lifted up his eyes to heaven, and said, Father, the hour is come; glorify thy Son, that thy Son also may glorify thee: As thou hast given him power over all flesh, that he should give eternal life to as many as thou hast given him. And this is life eternal, that they might know thee the only true God, and Jesus Christ, whom thou hast sent. I have glorified thee on the earth: I have finished the work which thou gavest me to do. And now, O Father, glorify thou me with thine own self with the glory which I had with thee before the world was. I have manifested thy name unto the men which thou gavest me out of the world: thine they were, and thou gavest them me; and they have kept thy word., Now they have known that all things whatsoever thou hast given me are of thee. For I have given unto them the words which thou gavest me; and they have received them, and they have believed that thou didst send me. I pray for them: I pray not for the world, but for them which thou hast given me; for they are thine. And all mine are thine, and thine are mine; and I am glorified in them. And now I am no more in the world, but these are in the world, and I come to thee. Holy Father, keep through thine

own name those whom thou hast given me, that they may be one, as we are. While I was with them in the world, I kept them in thy name: those that thou gavest me I have kept, and none of them is lost, but the son of perdition; that the scripture might be fulfilled. And now come I to thee; and these things I speak in the world, that they might have my joy fulfilled in themselves. **(KJV)**

Both Gospel messages describe the Lord Jesus Christ's interest in nourishing His followers, St. Matthew's Gospel tells how Jesus fed the hungry multitude with five loaves and two fish after healing the sick.

St. John's Gospel mentions Jesus having given nourishing words to the men given to Him. Both Gospel make clear attentive believers are nourished by the Lord Jesus Christ in multiple ways.

Believers attending the Divine Liturgy hear the life-empowering words of the Holy Gospel. The Gospel message is to be taken to heart and to be incorporated into the believer's daily life.

The Gospel will shape the believer to a more Christ-pleasing life and lead the believer to the Heavenly Kingdom. During the Divine Liturgy the believer is also blessed to partake of the Body and Blood of Christ.

Jesus Christ is interested in the believer's total well-being, body, mind and soul. Jesus Christ offers the teachings and nourishment for health of body, mind and soul.

Refraining from sin and living in Christ enhances personal well-being.

The Church proclaims Jesus Christ's teachings benefitting the person from birth until departure from earthly life.

Jesus Christ opens the believer's vision beyond earthly life to life eternal.

St. John's Gospel message for today reveals Jesus' interest in eternal life for His followers.

Believers are constantly challenged to live in Christ and act in Christ-pleasing ways. The mind, heart and soul benefit when immersed in Christ and nourished by Christ.

Regular and serious participation in the Divine Liturgy leads the believer on the path to eternal life. The Gospel provides nourishment and direction for all stages of life.

The Holy Body and Blood of Christ when partaken at each Divine Liturgy keeps the believer united with and empowered by Jesus Christ.

The Church is responsible in addressing the needs of believers.

Believers have an attendant responsibility in following Jesus Christ and in partaking of the nourishment of the Gospel and the Holy Body and Blood of Jesus Christ.

Being a Christian is the highest honor in life. The honor carries with it the responsibility to live in ways pleasing to Christ. The Church offers the direction for a Christ-pleasing life.

The Church also encourages repentance when believers need to correct their lives and return to the path to the heavenly Kingdom. Thank God for the renewal in Christ that is always possible through repentance.

Today is the day to be attentive to the Gospel. Now is the time to take the Gospel message seriously. Rejoice and be abundantly grateful for the opportunity to partake of the Precious Body and Blood of Christ.

The Eighth Sunday after Pentecost. The Sunday of the Holy Fathers of the First Six Gouncil. July 17//30, 2023. Hidden Valley, Pennsylvania. Father Rodney Torbic

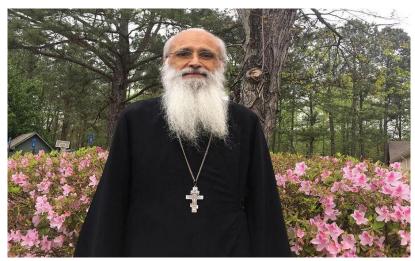
"THIS IS THE CHURCH I HAD ALWAYS WANTED" How the Former Rector of a Pentecostal Seminary Brought Orthodoxy to Puerto Rico. Part 1

Many flights arrive at Puerto Rico airports at night. Florida and Bermuda, Cuba and Jamaica, Haiti and the Dominican Republic remain far out in the ocean.

Once the ground becomes visible, the plane starts descending. The lights clearly outline the contour of the island, and you can already discern the location of each city and town. Here is San Juan, the capital on the Atlantic coast, which is 500 years old. Here early in the morning, right in the center, you can walk along the coast of the turquoise ocean, lean against the old stone walls covered with moss, and go up the paved streets to the Catholic Cathedral in honor of St. John the Baptist, the oldest cathedral on the island and in the USA.

There is San German in the middle of the island—its second largest and second oldest town—450 years old. Fr. Gregorio Justiniano returned here after living in the USA for almost a quarter of a century. He returned to introduce his compatriots to Orthodoxy, which had been represented on the island only by a church of the Patriarchate of Antioch, which caters mostly to newly arrived Arabic-speaking parishioners. Fr. Gregorio organized a Spanish-speaking Mission in Puerto Rico for those who were born and live here.

And before he became acquainted with Orthodoxy, which happened in America, Hamilton Justiniano had been a Protestant pastor and (in Puerto Rico) the rector of the Pentecostal Seminary in San Juan.



Archpriest Gregorio Justiniano

—Father Gregorio, tell us about your childhood, your family.

—My childhood was typical. I was born to a poor family and was the youngest of four brothers. My father was a Catholic, but he didn't go to church. My mother, a very beautiful woman, never had a formal education, and my father had not gone past the third grade. My father was in relationship with my mother while married to another woman, and we lived in the same city with their children and her children by another man. You can imagine that our relations were complicated. My mother died prematurely—she was only fifty-six.

As for my education, at that time we didn't have many books in our house, and because of our poverty education in the family was not a priority. We had to earn our crust of bread and make ends meet somehow.

I fell in love with my future wife when we were very young, and once I graduated from high school we got married.

I had always wanted to study, but I couldn't afford it. I asked my father if he could help me pay for my university tuition, but he refused.

We had been married for five years when I decided to quit my job and go to the American University in San German.

At that time in the town of Sabana Grande, not far from us a Pentecostal mission was opening (the denomination is called the Assemblies of God), and I was invited there as a pastor with a salary of \$75 per month. At the same time, I received a scholarship from the university, and the Government helped us with a food allowance. That's how we kept going.

-Was this way of life typical of Puerto Ricans at that time?

—Yes, there were only a handful of rich people in Puerto Rico in the 1950s and the 1960s. Few people had cars, and most of them would get to the city center on foot. Well-to-do people lived in San German around the Catholic church and the square in beautiful buildings. Most of the people were engaged in agriculture and worked on coffee and sugar plantations. In the 1980s government policies changed: sugar cane was no longer grown, pharmaceutical companies came to Puerto Rico, and tourism began to develop actively on the island.

I could never study full-time at university, and deep in my heart I dreamed the time would come when we would be able to send our children to colleges, where they would live on campuses with their fellow students. So the desire to give a good education to our children was one of the reasons why we moved from Puerto Rico to the USA. Thank God, all my children lived on campuses and graduated from universities.

—How did you move to the USA, and how did your new life begin?

—When we moved to the USA, we didn't know anything about the country except what we had read about in newspapers. We took up residence in the city of Danbury, Connecticut in the north of the USA, where we lived for twenty-four years.

At that time I could read and write in English, but I could hardly speak the language. And when you emigrate to another country, it is necessary to speak. At first I started working as a dishwasher, despite the fact that I had a higher education and a master's degree.

The first years are always very tough for immigrants. We couldn't find an apartment for a long time. We did not get any support from the State. Then I began to work at a printing house. My wife was raising our four children and was unemployed. Then I worked for an auto parts company. After our children had begun to go to school, my wife found a job as well.

In Puerto Rico she studied to be a nurse, but after we got married and our first child, Despina, was born, she decided to devote herself to raising children.

When we moved to the USA, my wife decided to continue working as a nurse. She studied late at night for a year, then passed the exam and got permission to work.

At that time I worked at an agency where I assisted immigrants who did not know English in their studies. I worked there for a year or so, and when the director of the agency quit, I was offered his place. At the same time, I applied for a master's degree and planned to teach Spanish-speaking students at school. I would study in the evenings when I finished working at the agency. I would travel to Hartford for classes, and sometimes I studied at home, even at night. When I obtained my master's degree, I was offered a position as a bilingual teacher for Spanish immigrants at Danbury High School, where I worked for twenty years. The students did not know English at all, and a group of teachers and I taught them basic subjects in Spanish: mathematics, natural sciences, history and social studies. In parallel, we would learn English with them. Subsequently, some of those students even entered universities.

It was at that school that I first met an Orthodox priest from the Antiochian St. George's Church next door to the school. He served as a paid priest, but the school was so large that every day they needed many teachers who would cover for other teachers. And there he worked part-time.

I noticed right away that he didn't look like a Catholic priest. It turned out that he was Orthodox, and his name was Fr. Timothy Cremeens. We started meeting almost every day, and I asked him questions. This went on for about a year. He was glad that I wanted to convert to Orthodoxy. From that moment on we began to meet every Wednesday, and he explained the basics of Orthodoxy to me. I would also come to Vespers, and the parishioners did not know that I was a Pentecostal pastor. I couldn't attend the <u>Liturgy</u> because I would preach in the Pentecostal church in the morning.

While we were being introduced to Orthodoxy, I asked my son, <u>Fr. Silouan</u> (at that time he was still Hamilton, like me), to go to the Liturgy at St. George's Church and then tell me what it was like.

"Everything is different there, completely different," my son told me. At the church he saw icons for the first time, smelled incense for the first time, and was absolutely amazed.

I had a very hard time, because I began to realize that this is the Church that I had always wanted to know about—the Orthodox Church. I first met Fr. Timothy in 1995. In 1996, I decided to quit my job at the Assemblies of God church.

But how could I leave the Pentecostal Church and join the Orthodox Church without divorcing my wife and losing my children?

My wife Euphemia has always taken her faith very seriously. She had never been a Catholic and had never converted to Protestantism like many in Puerto Rico. The only religion she had ever known was Pentecostalism. Before moving to the USA, for five years I had been a pastor of a Pentecostal church and the rector of a Bible Institute that trained pastors in the country's capital of San Juan.

I began to tell her about the reasons for my desire to become Orthodox and tried to convince her that by embracing Orthodoxy we would become closer to the Lord.

—What were the things that didn't satisfy you in the teaching of the Pentecostals?

—I had problems regarding their understanding of the sacrament of Eucharist. This is one of the reasons that prompted me to seek the Orthodox Church. I could never accept the way they took Communion, and I never called it the Holy Gifts, even if they took Communion with pure hearts. I myself took Communion with a pure heart; however, for some reason I felt and understood that there was something missing in that Communion, but I could not find an answer. As part of training Fr. Timothy invited me to a meeting of the clergy of the Church of Antioch, where I saw for the first time how the Divine Liturgy is celebrated and Holy Communion is administered to communicants with a special spoon. I wept so much that my glasses were very wet. It was a mixture of happiness and holiness—exactly what I had been looking for for a long time.

So, I decided to leave the Pentecostals, told my wife about it and tried to find a way for our family to embrace Orthodoxy.

My wife has a heart of gold. She supported me and went through this difficult time with me. But we lost everything: our salaries, friends, reputation and even our relatives.

—What was the reaction of your fellow Pentecostals when you left?

—I was responsible for the Latin American ministry and pastored the huge American community of the Assemblies of God between Danbury and Brookfield in Connecticut. When I was about to leave the Pentecostal Church, I met with the senior pastor of the community and asked him to let me preach my last sermon. It was in August 1995. I told the congregation that it was my last sermon and that I had already been baptized in the Orthodox Church. I explained to them that my

decision to leave the Assemblies of God was caused by the desire to grow spiritually and the conviction that the Orthodox Church is the true Church of Christ. I did not want to cause division in the mission and suggested that they try to find the truth in their own hearts.

Ten young men from that parish followed me to the Orthodox Church. They were baptized and still attend the Orthodox church.

A few years later I was invited to an anniversary of that Pentecostal Mission and asked to speak to the entire congregation of Americans and Latin Americans. I did not preach, but while congratulating them, I tried to find the kindest and right words for them. I did not want to confuse or divide the mission members, because I am convinced that only the Holy Spirit, God Himself, can bring people to Orthodoxy.

At that time my son Hamilton was studying at the School of Visual Arts in New York.

He was there alone, and there was hardly anyone to learn about Orthodoxy from. After receiving a Bachelor of Fine Arts degree, he began studying at Hunter College for a master's degree. But he prepared thoroughly and was baptized even before me—on Pascha. The whole family attended the Baptism ceremony and stayed for the night service at the Chapel of St. Mary Magdalene at Columbia University in New York. After his first year at college he needed a place to live, and the Monastery of St. Mary of Egypt (also known as Mercy House) offered him a room. There, little by little, communicating with the abbot, he became interested in monastic life and later began to live at this monastery as a monk.

—Who was baptized after him in your family?

—I was the second. In October of the same year, Fr. Timothy baptized me at St. George's Church in Danbury. After the catechism course my wife was received by Chrismation on December 24, together with my son, who is now Deacon Seraphim, and then our daughter Despina was baptized. Lastly, our son Israel (now Hieromonk Daniel) was chrismated.

—His conversion to Orthodoxy was extraordinary...

—Yes, it was. He went through September 11, 2011, when the twin towers collapsed in the center of New York after the attacks. He worked for a company that rented a building just opposite the twin towers. It was a company that produced Broadway shows, and he worked there in a production called Splash. After September 11, the company closed.

—Father Daniel is a very gifted person, and he had interesting professions...

—After graduating from Yale University in New Haven, Connecticut, he became a graphic designer for books and was invited to work at Columbia University Press. He was satisfied with his work and had a good salary. Once he finished a book, he would send me a signed copy with his secular name—Israel Justiniano. Then he worked at the Metropolitan Museum of Art in New York, where he did research and prepared promotional materials for exhibitions: books, catalogs and souvenirs. His work brought him joy, and he often invited his mother and me to exhibitions.

One day he called me and said he was going to work at... Broadway, at the theater. He went to the audition, and he was invited to the grandiose Splash production. Later we watched it: he danced and sang there. It was awesome.

—It must have been amazing experience for him...

—It was a part of his life. And then, after September 11, the company canceled the show. They said that anyone who wanted to continue working at the company would have to move to California or look for another job. He moved with the company. One day during training he fell and injured his back. The doctors said that the condition was not extremely bad, but he should not train for six months. The company didn't fire him, but could not pay him for six months, so our son decided to return home to Connecticut.

By that time we were all Orthodox. One day we invited him to a meeting of clergy in Harrison, New York. The head of the Carpatho-Russian Diocese in America, Metropolitan Nicholas (Smisko), spoke there. Later he would ordain me priest.

My son heard his sermon, in which he spoke about the tragedy of September 11. Those words touched his heart, and from that time on he began to attend the Holy Trinity Church in Danbury, of which we were parishioners at that time. Our son talked on spiritual subjects with the rector, Priest Luke Mihaly. So he decided to convert to Orthodoxy and was chrismated in 2002.

To be continued...

spoke with <u>Archpriest Gregorio Justiniano</u>
San German, Puerto Rico

Services this Week

- * Wednesday 08.02.2023. Holy Glorious Prophet Glijah; St. Glijah of Georgia- 09:30 AM Divine Liturgy
- ❖ Friday 08.04.2023. Holy Myrrh-bearer and Equalto-the Apostle Mary Mahdalene - 09:30 AM Divine Liturgy
- ❖9th Sunday after Pentecost; Holy Mart. Ghristina of Tyre; Holy Martyrs of Prebilovci and lower Herzegovina – 08.06.2023. - 09:30 AM Divine Liturgy

Donations July 23, 2023

Offering - \$ 773.00

Candles - \$44.00

Dues - \$100.00

Building Fund

In Memory of Pete & Irene Martinovich from Eli Cvijanovich - \$25

Large Candles

In Memory of Panie Patty Martinovich from Dan & Dyne Tomak In Memory of Steve & Stella Baich from Kathy Szmyd In Memory of Connie Bartis from Kathy Szmyd In Memory of Irene Martinovich from Dorothy Podolak In Memory of Lazo & Bosa Vuckovich from Helene Gleason

Please visit our St. Nicholas Web Page https://stnicholasjohnstown.org

We have now added a "DONATE" button to make it easier for you to send your donations. Please take a look.

Recently we received an anonymous donation of \$1,000 for the purchase of buying new altar robes for the altar servers. The total cost of the new robes is \$1,543.36. Leaving a balance of \$543.36. If you would like to donate for the purchase of these robes, please contact Carole McAllister or Carly Zahurak.

Secure your slot to work for



See Suzette Gardenhour for details!!!

UPCOMING EVENTS PLEASE SAVE THESE DATES



Taste of Serbia - August 12, 2023



Slavic Festival - September 15-16, 2023